GUIDELINES FOR DONATING CROPS

For the maximum tax benefit, cash farmers should donate crops grown in a previous fiscal year. For example, a calendar year farmer should donate fall-harvested crops early the following year.

Costs associated with the production, storage and transportation of the grain paid in the same year the grain is donated are NOT deductible. Cash basis farmers deduct costs in the year paid. If grain is given early in a future year, all the costs were likely paid in the prior year and remain deductible. The value of the grain is never included in income and the costs paid in the prior year remain deductible.

When donating grain, the farmer must make a charitable donation, giving up dominion and control of the asset donated. The traditional procedure of a farmer delivering, selling and ordering sent directly to the charity will not provide maximum tax benefits. This transaction will be considered a cash sale and cash donation because the farmer did not give up control over the property.

Instead, the property (in this case the grain) should be delivered and a warehouse receipt showing the CMH Foundation as the owner should be implemented. The Foundation would then administer the sale of the property, with the original sales invoice displaying the Foundation as the seller.

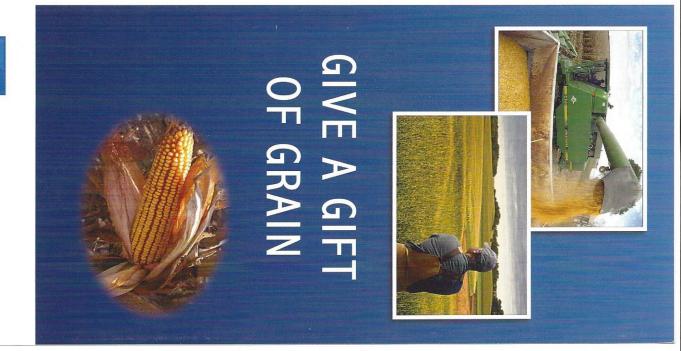
The farmer cannot advise the Foundation as to when to sell the grain, as it may be viewed by the IRS as retaining control of the property. After the transfer, the Foundation should assume the cost of storage, transportation, and marketing, as well as assume any risk of loss.

HELPFUL TIPS FOR MAKING GIFTS OF GRAIN

- 1. Timing. Donate grain grown in a previous tax year to receive maximum tax advantages. Make the donation early in the year so there is no question it was from a prior year's harvest.
- 2. Unsold Commodity. The gift of grain should be from unsold crop inventory, with no prior sale commitment made prior to the gift. A farmer will gift the grain to the CMH Foundation and the Foundation will determine what to do with it and when to sell.
- 3. Physical Delivery. Be certain the gift is a farm commodity, not a warehouse receipt, which could be considered cash equivalent. The CMH Foundation must be able to demonstrate control and dominion over the gifted commodity.
- 4. Retention of Control. The Farmer should provide no guidance in the transfer agreement as to the retention or sale of the gifted commodity.
- 5. Documentation. A properly executed warehouse receipt in the CMH Foundation's name or a notarized letter of transfer for crops stored on the farm is necessary. The original sales invoice must list the CMH Foundation as the seller.
- **6. Storage and Transportation Expenses.** After the transfer, the CMH Foundation should assume the expense of storage, marketing and transportation of the gifted commodity.



238 S Congress St - Rushville, IL 62681 PH: 217-248-7511 or 217-322-4321





accept any amount of grain. No gift The CMH Foundation will gratefully is too small.



please contact: Foundation Give a Gift of Grain Program, For additional information on our CMH

Tim Ward, Foundation Director

CMH Foundation

238 S Congress Street

Rushville, IL 62681

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Fax: 217-322-3016

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Or Call CMH at 217-322-4321



DONATE GRAIN. SAVE MONEY. **IMPACT HEALTHCARE. HOW?**

- Deliver the grain to your local elevator
- 2. the CMH Foundation as the owner. Ask them to provide a warehouse receipt showing
- where the grain is stored. Contact the CMH Foundation and let them know
- the original sales invoice. The CMH Foundation will then order the sale with

contribution remains in our community to benefit equipment and attract top medical professionals. Your you, your family and your neighbors. more patients, expand facilities, acquire cutting-edge directly to the CMH Foundation. Your donation will help savings by donating crops grown in a previous tax year Many cash basis farmers can receive a significant tax

DONATING GRAIN DIRECTLY TAX SAVING BENEFITS FOR

not included in income, which results in reducing one's Properly structured charitable cash contributions are federal income tax.

other crops, directly to the CMH Foundation: There are a number of benefits for donating grain, or

- employment tax and federal income tax. The cash basis farmer avoids including the sale of the cash crop in income, saving on the self-
- given in a different year than it was grown. growing the donated crop as long as the crop is The cash basis farmer can still deduct the cost of





NECESSARY DOCUMENTATION

related to the donation of grain: The CMH Foundation will retain necessary documents

- A warehouse receipt or storage ticket in the Foundation's name
- 2. The original sales invoice showing the Foundation as the seller
- ω If the grain is stored on a farm, a notarized letter of transfer can take the place of a warehouse receipt

PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS

farmer consult with his or her professional tax or legal making the gift due to rapidly changing tax laws. consultant to determine tax implications prior to The CMH Foundation recommends the donating

CROP SHARE LANDLORDS

Shares of crop are categorized as rental income and maximum tax benefits for the gifting of grain landlord, making the crop share landlord ineligible for must be included as reportable income by the

to improve the health and care of those served by Sarah D. as allowed by law. Culbertson Memorial Hospital. All contributions are tax-deductible CMH Foundation conducts various fundraising activities each year Established in 1995 as a 501 (c) (3) not-for-profit corporation, the